

Costing OVC in Ethiopia: Making sense of the numbers

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Authors

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 - Conducted with the support of USAID Ethiopia and 20 Implementing Partners including national and international NGOs, Idirs and FBOs.

The Ethiopia OVC context in 2008

- 12% of Ethiopia's total child Population
- Over 80% live in rural areas
- ~900,000 children orphaned HIV and AIDS
- 5% of households with OVC = receive free external support

The Costing Exercise: Objectives

 To assess the range of unit costs of PEPFAR supported OVC programs in Ethiopia

 To identify costs of key services such as educational support, health care, food support

The Costing Exercise in Ethiopia, 2009

- Two day costing training
 - To familiarize implementing partners with the planned costing approach
 - To identify key OVC service areas
- OVC costing survey of 20 PEPFAR-supported organizations
 - Scale, Magnitude and Location of services
 - Interviewed programme planners, budget officers
 - From budget reports, financial audits
 - Donated items local market price

Costing Methodology

- Quantification of inputs
 - Labour, Materials, Equipment/furniture, Travel,
 Building/Land, Office Supplies & Utilities
- Costs apportioned
 - By proportion of direct costs consumed for each service
- Values for volunteer labour and other donations
- Major Capital items discounted at 5% p.a.
- Building/Land costs approximate market rental value
- Cost per OVC = Total costs per service/# receiving service

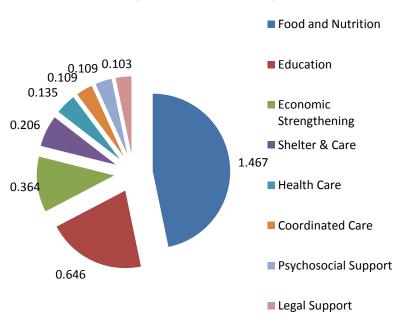
Economic and Financial Costing

Key Services Costed

- Education support
 - Scholastic material, school uniforms, tuition waivers, tuition, private school
- Food & Nutrition
 - Daily meals, Therapeutic feeding, Community Events,
 Information
- Economic Strengthening
 - Training, Vocational Skills, Start-up Capital for Guardians
- Shelter & Care
 - Home renovations, community mobilization, institutional
- Health Care health education & linkages
- Psychosocial Support Counseling, sensitization, targeted support
- Legal Support Birth registration, Wills, Legal Education

In Ethiopia, Food Support is the key expenditure

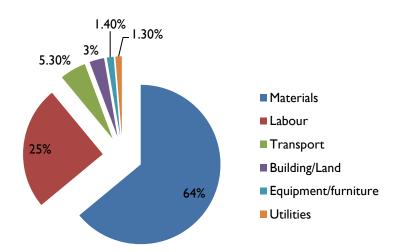
Total Cost by Key Service Area (USD millions)



- Organizations offer a range of 4 to 8 services
- 38,743 clients supported
 - Services vary by intensity & frequency
 - 12 month period prior to July –
 Sept 2009
- Food and nutrition services
 47% of all expenditures
- Costs not differentiated by education levels or age of child or type of orphan

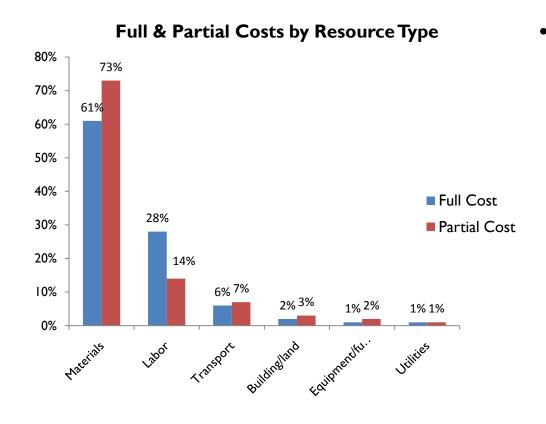
Materials and Labour use largest share of Resources

Costs by Resource Type



- Materials represent 2/3^{rds} of Total Costs
 - Food
 - Uniforms
 - School supplies
- Labour & Materials combined are 4/5^{ths} of Total Costs
- Cost findings similar to studies in Rwanda and Zambia

Volunteer Labour may mask future costs

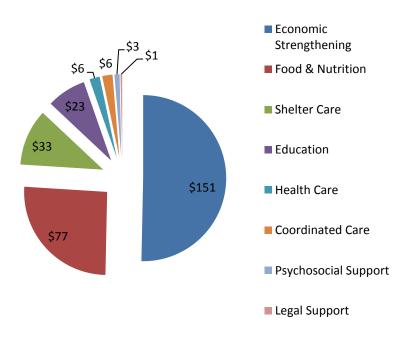


Excluding Volunteer Labour Costs

- Key resource costs
 Material, Labour &
 Transport
- 50% Reduction in Labour Costs
- Labour represents58% of Total Costs

Cost per child varies considerably

Cost per Child (USD)



- Unit cost differences
 - Range from \$36-\$423/ OVC
 - Target size
 - # of Service Areas
- Lower costs associated with
 - Geographic concentration
 - Bulk purchase of food
 - Tuition waivers
 - Non-Institutional Care
- Economic Strengthening, Food & Nutrition, Shelter Care key drivers of cost per child

\$80 Per OVC served?

- Services provided are not comparable in terms of type, intensity or quality
- Cost of service high while numbers served low for some services high unit costs
- Scale and location matter
 - Inverse relationship between numbers served and unit cost
 - Urban vs. Rural populations

Recommendations

